

*

	1.3	2.3	1.3	
1.	100083	2		100875
	3			100083

F7527/F757	A	2095	8072(2021)03	0036	13
------------	---	------	--------------	------	----

				2017	8
19	“	301	”	2017	
				2018	1
				2018	3 23
	1974	301			

2018	2018	7	6		
2019	10			2020	1 15

	Bown	2019
64.5%	56.7%	

* 18VFH003 “ ” “ ”
 7180011 2017 “ ” “ ”
 “ ” “ ” 07
 2020130358
 C Γ

19.3% 8% 3% 21.1% 21%

20.9% “ ”

Freund 2020

2018

7 2020 7

2018

Amiti et al. 2019

Cavallo et al. 2019 Cerutti et al. 2019 Waugh 2019 Amiti et al. 2020

Fajgelbaum et al. 2020 Ng 2020 Amiti et al. 2019

2018 1 2018 9

10% 30%

82

14

1650

Amiti et al. 2020

2019

Fajgelbaum et al. 2020

510

343

2016

2018 Bouët and Laborde

2018 Fort et al.

2018 Pierce and Schott

2019 Flaaen and Pierce

2019

Benguria and Saffie

2020 Li and Whalley

2020 Hanson

2020 Handley et

al. 2020

2018

“ ”

CGE

Bouët Laborde 2018

Fort

et al. 2018

Pierce 2011

Pierce Schott 2019

Benguria Saffie

2020

2018 2019

C

r

Li Whalley 2020

Hanson 2020
Handley et al. 2020
900 1600 /

2018 Bouët and Laborde 2018

2018 2018 2019 Tu et al. 2020
CGE
Tu et al. 2020 SMART /
91
Adler et al. 2019 Makin 2019 2019 2020
2019 2020
IMF Gita Gopinath

2019 Handley et al. 2020 2018 2019 Adler et al.
1/4
80

Laborde 2018

Bouët

2019 GTAP

2019

RCEP

2020

Flaaen et al. 2020

2018
2019

2018
2019 Tu et al. 2020

2018 Li et al. 2019

2019
2018

2018 Li et al. 2019

2018 Melitl Ottaviano 2008

Li et al. 2019

GTAP

r

C

2019 9

2019 COMTRADE TRAINS GDP 1.9 0.3
4 6 WITS- SMART 2018
2.6

2018 2019 COMTRADE TRAINS WITS- SMART
4 6

Tu et al. 2020 SMART 2018 “ 301 ”
3
/

2019 367.1

2018

2018

2019 2019 2019 2019

“ ”

2019

2019



2000

2018 9 24



2019

Caldara et al. 2019 Hanson et al. 2019

Bolt et al. 2019

2019

RCEP

2019

Ajami 2020

Carter Steinbach 2020

2018

156

“ ”

Chowdhry

Felbermayr 2020a

“ ”

WTO

WTO

110

Chowdhry Felbermayr 2020b

- 12.8

- 15.9

- 7.2

2021 49.5

Bown 2020

“ ”

Xia et al. 2019

Liu et

al. 2020

2018 7

4607

2020 1 15

20%

2019

- [6] , , . [J]. , 2019(3): 34-45.
- [7] , . [J]. , 2020(1):123-131.
- [8] , , . [J]. , 2018(10):156-174
- [9] , , . [J]. , 2018(10):137-155
- [10] . [J]. (), 2019(2):159-165
- [11] . 2018 “ ” [J]. (), 2018(4):5-21.
- [12] . [EB/OL]. [2018-11-18]. <http://www.inewsweek.cn/finance/2018-11-18/4360.shtml>.
- [13] , , , . [J]. , 2019(2):59-72
- [14] , . [J]. , 2020(7):7-11.
- [15] , , . [J]. , 2018(8):74-90
- [16] . [J]. (), 2018(3):1-3
- [17] . [J]. , 2019(6):22-40
- [18] , , . [J]. 2018(6):55-59
- [19] , , , . [J]. , 2018(7):24-42
- [20] , . [J]. 2019(10):46-58+72
- [21] , . MRIO [J]. , 2018(12):22-39
- [22] , . : [J]. () 2020(1):49-59+146-147.
- [23] . [J]. , 2020(2):61-70
- [24] , . : GTAP [J]. , 2019(2):20-31.
- [25] . [J]. , 2019(7):102-114
- [26] , . [J]. , 2019(11):58-62
- [27] Adler, G., L. Cubeddu, and G. Gopinath, “ Taming the Currency Hype ” , 21 August, 2019. <https://blogs.imf.org/2019/08/21/taming-the-currency-hype/>.
- [28] Ajami, R. A., “ US- China Trade War: The Spillover Effect ” , *Journal of Asia-Pacific Business*, 2020, 21(1):1-3
- [29] Amiti, M., S. J. Redding, and D. E. Weinstein, “ The Impact of the 2018 Trade War on US Price and Welfare ” , *Journal of Economic Perspectives*, 2019, 33(4):187-210
- [30] Amiti, M., S. J. Redding, and D. E. Weinstein, “ Who’s Paying for the US tariffs? A Long- term Perspective ” , NBER Working Paper, No. 26610, 2020
- [31] Bekkers, E. and S. Schroeter, “ An Economic Analysis of the US- China Trade Conflict ” , WTO Staff Working Paper, Geneva: World Trade Organization, No. ERSD- 2020- 04, 2020
- [32] Benguria, F. and F. Saffie, “ The Impact of the 2018- 2019 Trade War on U.S. Local Labor Markets ” , <https://ssrn.com/abstract=3542362>, 19 February, 2020
- [33] Bolt, W., K. Mavromatis, and S. V. Wijnbergen, “ The Global Macroeconomics of a Trade War: The EAGLE Model on the US- China Trade Conflict ” , Discussion Paper Series, London: CEPR, No. DP13495, 2019

-
- [34] Bouët, A. and D. Laborde, “ US Trade Wars in the Twenty- first Century with Emerging Countries: Make America and Its Partner lose Again” , *World Economy*, 2018, 41(9):2276- 2319
- [35] Bown, C. P., “ Phase One China Deal: Steep Tariffs Are the New Normal” , Peterson Institute for International Economics, 19 December, 2019.
- [36] Bown, C. P., “ Unappreciated Hal ards of the US- China Phase One Deal” , Peterson Institute for International Economics, 21 January, 2020
- [37] Caldara, D., M. Iacoviello, P. Molligo, A. Prestipino, and A. Raffo, “ The Economic Effects of Trade Policy Uncertainty” , Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System International Finance Discussion Papers, No.1256, 2019
- [38] Carter, C. A. and S. Steinbach, “ The Impact of Retaliatory Tariffs on Agricultural and Food Trade” , NBER Working Paper, No. 27147, 2020
- [39] Cavallo, A., G. Gopinath, B. Neiman, and J. Tang, “ Tariff Passthrough at the Border and at the Store: Evidence from US Trade Policy” , NBER Working Paper, No.26396, 2019
- [40] Cerutti, E., G. Gopinath, and A. Mohammed, “ The Impact of US- China Trade Tensions” , 5 June, 2019. <http://www.voxchina.org/show- 3- 133.html>.
- [41] Chowdhry, S. and G. Felbermayr, “ The US- China Trade Deal: How the EU and WTO Lose from Managed Trade” , Kiel Policy Brief, Kiel Institute for the World Economy, No. 132, 2020 a
- [42] Chowdhry, S. and G. Felbermayr, “ The US- China Trade Deal and Its Impact on China's Key Trading Partners” , Kiel Policy Brief, Kiel Institute for the World Economy, No. 134, 2020 b.
- [43] Fajgelbaum P. D., P. K. Goldberg, P. J. Kennedy, and A. K. Khandelwal, “ The Return to Protectionism” , *The Quarterly Journal of Economics*, 2020, 135 (1): 1- 55
- [44] Flaaen, A., A. Hortaçsu, and F. Tintelnot, “ The Production Relocation and Price Effect of US Trade Policy: The Case of Washing Machines” , *American Economic Review*, 2020, 110(7):2103- 2127.
- [45] Flaaen, A. and J. R. Pierce, “ Disentangling the Effects of the 2018- 2019 Tariffs on a Globally Connected U.S. Manufacturing Sector” , Finance and Economics Discussion Series 2019- 086, Washington: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, 2019
- [46] Fort, T. C., J. R. Pierce, and P. K. Schott, “ New Perspectives on the Decline of U.S. Manufacturing Employment” , *Journal of Economic Perspectives*, 2018, 32(2): 47- 72
- [47] Freund, C., M. Maliszewska, A. Mattoo, and M. Ruta, “ When Elephants Make Peace: The Impact of the China- U.S. Trade Agreement on Developing Countries” , Policy Research Working Paper, East Asia and the Pacific Region Office of the Chief Economist & Trade and Regional Integration Global Unit, World Bank Group, No. 9173, 2020
- [48] Handley, K., F. Kamal, and R. Monarch, “ Rising Import Tariffs, Falling Export Growth: When Modern Supply Chains Meet Old- Style Protectionism” , NBER working paper, No. 26611, 2020
- [49] Hanson, D., J. Rush, and T. Orlik, “ Uncertainty Shock Dwarfs the Direct Impact of Tariffs” , 19 August, 2019. <https://www.msn.com/en- us/money/news/uncertainty- shock- dwarfs- the- direct- impact- of- tariffs/ar- AAG00cZ>.
- [50] Hanson, G. H., “ The Impacts of the U.S.- China Trade War” , *Business Economics*, 2020, 55(2):69- 72
- [51] Li, C. D. and J. Whalley, “ Trade Protectionism and US Manufacturing Employment” , *Economic Modelling*, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.econmod.2020.03.017>, 17, March, 2020
- [52] Li, M. H., E. J. Balistreri, and W. D. Zhang, “ The U.S.- China Trade War: Tariff Data and General Equilibrium Analysis” , CARD Working Papers, No. 595, 2019
- [53] Liu, L. J., F. Creutlig, Y. F. Yao, Y. M. Wei, and Q. M. Liang, “ Environmental and Economic Impacts of Trade Barriers: The Example of China- US Trade Friction” , *Resource and Energy Economics*, 2020, 59(C):1- 15
- [54] Makin, A. J., “ The China- US Trade Imbalance: Evaluating Remedial Macroeconomic Measures” , in E. Lau, B. Simonetti, I. Trinugroho, and L. M. Tan(eds.), *Economics and Finance Readings*, Springer, Singapore, 2019, 1- 16

- [55] Melitz, M. J. and G. I. P. Ottaviano, "Market Size, Trade, and Productivity", *Review of Economic Studies*, 2008, 75(1):295-316
- [56] Ng, Y. K., "Why Does the US Face Greater Disadvantages in the Trade War with China?", *China & World Economy*, 2020, 28(2): 113-122
- [57] Pierce, J. R., "Plant-Level Responses to Antidumping Duties: Evidence from U.S. Manufacturers", *Journal of International Economics*, 2011, 85(2):222-233
- [58] Pierce, J. R. and P. K. Schott, "The Costs of US Trade Liberalization with China Have Been Acute for Some Workers", in M. A. Crowley(eds.), *Trade War: The Clash of Economic Systems Endangering Global Prosperity*, London, CEPR Press, 2019, 13-19
- [59] Tu, X. Q., Y. X. Du, Y. Lu, and C. R. Lou, "US-China Trade War: Is Winter Coming for Global Trade?", *Journal of Chinese Political Science*, 2020, 25(2):199-240
- [60] Waugh, M. E., "The Consumption Response to Trade Shocks: Evidence from the US-China Trade War", NBER Working Paper, No. 26353, 2019
- [61] Xia, Y., Y. S. Kong, Q. Ji, and D. Y. Zhang, "Impacts of China-US Trade Conflicts on the Energy Sector", *China Economic Review*, 2019, 58(C): 1-22

〔作者简介〕 王晓燕:

(CIFER)

李 昕(通讯作者):

(CIFER)

鞠建东:

(CIFER)

A Literature Review

WANG Xiao-yan^{1,3}, LI Xin^{2,3} & JU Jian-dong^{1,3}

(1. PBC School of Finance, Tsinghua University, Beijing 100083, China; 2. School of Statistics, Beijing Normal University, Beijing 100875, China; 3. International Finance and Economic Research Center (CIFER), National Institute of Financial Research (NIFR), Tsinghua University, Beijing 10083, China)

Abstract: The process of increasing Sino-US tariffs has been over two years. By combing the recent years'

consistent: increasing Sino-US tariffs have negative effects on the prospects of global economic growth including China and the United States; increasing Sino-US tariffs are detrimental to the welfare of China and the United States, cannot help to solve the Sino-US trade imbalance, cannot help the return of US manufacturing employment, and cannot help to achieve a fairer trade pattern; further, increasing Sino-US tariffs have aggravated the global trade situation and created the spillover effect on third-party exports, which depends on

However, domestic and foreign scholars still exist arguments on whether the impact of increasing Sino-US

term shock of tariffs or not, and whether the increasing Sino-US tariffs have a long-term structural impact on the global multilateral structure or not. These controversies will become the main directions of future research.

Keywords: trade friction; increasing tariff; welfare level; global trade pattern; spillover effect

()

C

r